School WASH Supplement

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Introduction

School WASH is fundamental to caring for the body during menstruation. Adequate WASH infrastructure within schools ensures access to safe water, improved sanitation facilities, and hygienic practices. Further, the cleanliness, privacy and safety of school WASH infrastructure is key to ensuring comfort using these facilities and essential for menstrual health. Additionally, school WASH experiences include factors such as the availability and quality of water, students' interactions with sanitation facilities, and their ability to effectively maintain hygiene practices.

Reasons to include school WASH infrastructure measures in your work:

- To describe the WASH infrastructure in participants' schools
- To assess school WASH disparities among participants
- To understand the influence of school WASH characteristics on menstrual health

Reasons to include **school WASH security and experiences** measures in your work:

- To understand participants' access and quality of water at school
- To describe how participants feel about WASH facilities at school
- To understand the influence of school WASH on menstrual health

The Adolescent Menstrual Experiences and Health Cohort (AMEHC) Study will measure school WASH infrastructure and school WASH security and experiences to increase our understanding the WASH facilities and services available to girls, and the influence that this has on their menstrual health.

Overview of School WASH Infrastructure: Structures and Resources

Definition	The structures and resources necessary to sustain systems of water,
	sanitation, and hygiene in the school. ¹
Importance	WASH infrastructure such as handwashing stations, toilets, and
to Menstrual	water sources are all necessary structures for menstrual hygiene
Health	(menstrual blood management). Features of more menstrual-
	friendly school toilets include sex-segregated toilets, secure doors,
	disposal systems for used menstrual materials, water for
	handwashing as well as offering cleanliness, privacy, safety and
	other features such as reliable light, and a mirror for checking for
	menstrual leaks.
Measuremen	Wash1,3,5: Self-reported by girls on an enumerator-administered
t Method	survey
	Sch_S1,12, Sch_W2,4: Self-reported by school staff on an
	enumerator-administered survey
	Sch_S1_type, Sch_S2,4-6,8,10,11,11_type,13-16,16_1,16_2, W2-3,
	R1-2: Observed by an enumerator
General	Depending on the context, the answer options may need to be
Consideratio	changed. The answer options below are specific to our AMEHC study
ns	context in Bangladesh. Some questions were adapted from the
	sources below.
Question	Wash1, Sch_S1-4,8,11,13,15, SchW1-4: World Health Organization,
Source	UNICEF. Core Questions and Indicators for Monitoring WASH in
	Schools in the Sustainable Development Goals. World Health
	Organization; 2018. Accessed March 25, 2024.
	https://washdata.org/reports/jmp-2018-core-questions-and-
	indicators-wash-in-schools
	Wash3, Sch_S5,6,16: Global MHH Monitoring Group. <i>Priority List of</i>
	Indicators for Girls' Menstrual Health and Hygiene: Technical
	Guidance for National Monitoring. Columbia University; 2022.
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	https://www.publichealth.columbia.edu/file/8002/download?token=
	<u>AViwoc5e</u>
	And
	Hennegan, J., Caruso, B. A., Zulaika, G., Torondel, B., Haver, J.,
	Phillips-Howard, P. A., & Sommer, M. (2023). Indicators for
	national and global monitoring of girls' menstrual health and hygiene:
	development of a priority shortlist. Journal of Adolescent
	Health, 73(6), 992-1001.
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Construct's Main Use in the AMEHC Study			
Proximal Exposure	Distal Exposure for:	Covariate for:	Outcome for:
for:			
Menstrual health	Education		
experience	Mental Health		
	SRH		
	Physical Health		

Included in the Following AMEHC Study Activities*					
Baseline	Baseline	Baseline	Sub-cohort 1	Sub-cohort 2	Sub-cohort 3
Girls Survey	Guardians	School Audit	Survey	Survey	Survey
	Survey				
		Х	Х		Х
Wave 1	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 2	Wave 2	
Survey	School Audit	Survey	Guardian	School Audit	
			survey		
Х	Х			Х	

^{*}Specific questions varied over different data collection activities according to study needs.

School WASH Infrastructure Survey Questions in AMEHC

Question Number	Question	Response Options		
	FOR GIRLS: Thinking about the sanitation facility at your school over the past two			
Wash1	Were there separate toilets/latrines for boys and girls?	Yes No		
Wash3	Was there at least one individual stall for girls that had a functioning door and could be locked from the inside?	YesNo		
Wash5	Does the school toilet/latrine usually have the following Select all that apply	 A mirror [0/1] Water for cleansing [0/1] Soap for handwashing [0/1] A hook or shelf to hold your bags or garments [0/1] A bin with a lid for menstrual waste [0/1] A bin without a lid for menstrual waste [0/1] None 		
FOR SCHOOL S	TAFF/OBSERVATION:			
Sch_S1	Is there a sanitation facility at this school that is available for students to use? Respondent to answer	YesNo		
Sch_S1_type	*Ask the respondent to take you to view the sanitation facility for students What type of sanitation facility is it? Enumerator to answer	 No facility/bush/field Bucket/pan Hanging toilet Composting toilet Pit latrine with open pit (no slab) Pit latrine with slab Ventilated improved pit latrine Pour/Flush to open drain Pour/Flush to septic tank Pour/Flush to pit latrine Pour/Flush to sewer Other 		

Sch_S1_specify	Please specify the other type of sanitation facility	• [Text]
Sch_S2	Are there separate toilets/latrines for boys and girls? Enumerator to answer	YesNo
Sch_S4	At the time of observation, how many stalls (individual stalls/toilets) are usable (not locked) and functional (for females to use)? That is, the toilet/latrine is not broken, the toilet hole is not blocked, and water is available for flush/pour-flush toilets Enumerator to answer	• [number]
Sch_S5	At the time of observation, is there a door on the female toilets/latrines (including the individual stalls) that can be locked from the inside? Enumerator to answer	 Yes, all stalls Yes, at least one functional stall No
Sch_S6	Are the female toilets/latrines otherwise private (including the individual stalls that can be locked from the inside?) For example, there are no large gaps in the door/wall so that someone can see in easily from the outside. Enumerator to answer	 Yes, all stalls Yes, at least one functional stall No

Sch_S8	At the time of observation, how is the toilet/latrine lit? Enumerator to answer	 Daylight only, sufficient light to see well inside the latrine stalls. Daylight only, insufficient light to see well inside the latrine stalls. Electronic light that is working. Electronic light is not working.
Sch_S10	At the time of observation, is the toilet/latrine structurally safe? That is, the shelter (roof and walls) is not damaged or incomplete, it is structurally sound, and it is free of pests and trip/harm hazards. Enumerator to answer	 Yes No, the shelter isn't structurally sound No, the toilet/latrine has pests No, there are trip/harm hazards No, it has multiple hazards
Sch_S11	At the time of observation, Is appropriate cleansing material available? This means material that is culturally appropriate (to prevent exposure to excreta), and appropriate for the technology (i.e. it won't block drains or damage the facility) Cleansing material includes toilet paper, leaves, and water. Enumerator to answer	• Yes • No
Sch_S11_type	What materials are available? Select all that apply Enumerator to answer	 Water [0/1] Toilet paper [0/1] Cloth [0/1] Leaves [0/1] Other paper or tissue [0/1] Nothing [0/1]

Sch_S12	Does the teacher/administrator report there is usually appropriate cleansing material available? Respondent to answer	YesNo
Sch_S13	At the time of observation, is there a discrete way to dispose of menstrual waste inside the female latrine/toilet? Enumerator to answer	 Yes there is a bin with a lid for menstrual waste inside at least one cubical/stall Yes, there is a bin with a lid inside the latrine/toilet area Yes, there is a shoot to an incinerator No, there is a bin but it has no lid inside at least one cubical/stall No, there is a bin but it has no lid inside the latrine area No, no mechanism for menstrual waste disposal
Sch_S14	At the time of observation does the sanitation area have Enumerator to answer	 A mirror [0/1] A hook to hang clothes during changing [0/1] None of the above [0/1]
Sch_S15	Is there a place to dispose of menstrual waste on-site at the school? Enumerator to answer	 No Yes, there is an incinerator on site Yes, there is a storage location for municipal waste

Sch_S16	At the time of observation, is water and/or soap available inside the female sanitation facility such that it is private from male observation? (this may be used for genital or hand washing) Check yes if water and soap are available for discrete personal hygiene (hand and body washing), cleaning clothes/uniforms, and washing reusable menstrual hygiene products (as applicable). Enumerator to answer	Yes, water and soap Yes, water only
Sch_S16_1	What was the water source? Enumerator to answer	 Bucket/ pot Tube well Tube well with submergible pump connected to pipe water Khulna-WASA connection pipeline Others (NGO-supported pipeline with filter)
Sch_S16_2	Was there water at the time of observation? Enumerator to answer	Yes No
Sch_W1	At the time of observation, is there water available for handwashing? Enumerator to answer	YesNo
Sch_W2	Does the teacher/administrator report there is usually water available for handwashing? Respondent to answer	Yes No

Sch_W3	At the time of observation, is there soap available for handwashing? Enumerator to answer	YesNo
Sch_W4	Does the teacher/administrator report there is usually soap available for handwashing? Respondent to answer	YesNo
Sch_R1	At the time of observation, is there another room at the school that girls are expected to use to change their menstrual materials or to rest during menstruation? Enumerator to answer	 No Yes, to change menstrual materials Yes, to rest Yes, to both change menstrual materials and rest
Sch_R2	Does this room have: Select all that apply Enumerator to answer	 A mirror Water Soap A seat or place to rest Privacy (a door that can be locked from the inside) A bin with a lid for menstrual waste disposal A bin without a lid for menstrual waste disposal Is clean None of the above

Overview of School WASH Security & Experience: Ensuring Safe, Reliable Access and Understanding Perceptions and Behaviors Around WASH Facilities

Definition	WASH Security: A school's ability to consistently access safe and
	reliable water sources, adequate sanitation facilities, and hygienic
	practices to meet its basic needs. ⁵
	WASH Experience: The perceptions, attitudes, behaviors, and lived
	experiences of students regarding their WASH conditions and practices.
Importance	Inadequate access to private and adequate toilets and functioning
to Menstrual	handwashing stations can contribute to experiences of stress, ^{6–8}
Health	shame, ⁹ physical discomfort, and gender-based violence ^{10,11} among
	people who menstruate. Negative experiences with WASH at school.
	Perceptions of the cleanliness, privacy, safety and accessibility of
	school WASH infrastructure are key to students' experience of
	menstruation. ^{10,12}
Measurement	Wash2,4,6_use,6-10: Self-reported by girls on an enumerator-
Method	administered survey
	Sch_S3,9, M1-4: Self-reported by school staff on an enumerator-
	administered survey
	Sch_S2,7: Observed by an enumerator
General	Depending on the context, the answer options may need to be changed.
Consideratio	The answer options below are specific to the AMEHC study context in
ns	Bangladesh. Some questions were adapted from the sources below.
Question	Wash2,4, Sch_S2,37: World Health Organization, UNICEF. Core
Source	Questions and Indicators for Monitoring WASH in Schools in the
	Sustainable Development Goals. World Health Organization; 2018.
	Accessed March 25, 2024. https://washdata.org/reports/jmp-2018-
	core-questions-and-indicators-wash-in-schools School1, Sch_M1: Global MHH Monitoring Group. Priority List of
	Indicators for Girls' Menstrual Health and Hygiene: Technical Guidance
	for National Monitoring. Columbia University; 2022.
	https://www.publichealth.columbia.edu/file/8002/download?token=AV
	<u>iwoc5e</u>
	Hennegan, J., Caruso, B. A., Zulaika, G., Torondel, B., Haver, J., Phillips-
	Howard, P. A., & Sommer, M. (2023). Indicators for national and
	global monitoring of girls' menstrual health and hygiene: development
	of a priority shortlist. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 73(6), 992-1001.

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experiences	Mental Health		
	SRH		
	Physical Health		

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Girls Survey	Guardians	School Audit	Survey	Survey	Survey	
	Survey					
Х		Х	Х		Х	
Wave 1	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 2	Wave 2		
Survey	School Audit	Survey	Guardian	School Audit		
			Survey			
Х	X			X		

^{*}Specific questions varied over different data collection activities according to study needs.

School WASH Security & Experience Survey Questions in AMEHC

Question	Question	Response Options				
	Number					
Thinking about the sanitation facility at your school over the past two months						
Wash2	Were the toilets/latrines always accessible to students? (e.g., not locked)	YesNo				
Wash4	Were the school toilets/latrines clean?	AlwaysOftenSometimesNever				
Wash6	Did you feel comfortable using the school toilet/latrine for urination?	AlwaysOftenSometimesNever				
Wash6_use	How often did you use the school toilet for urination?	 Every day Three or four days a week One to three days a week Less than once a week 				
Wash7	Over the past two months did you delay urinating during the school day?	AlwaysOftenSometimesNever				
Wash8	Is there another room at your school that girls are expected to use to change their menstrual materials or to rest during menstruation?	YesNo				
Wash9 Did you use this room during your last period?		 Yes, to change materials Yes, to rest Yes, both No 				

Wash10	During this past year, did you receive any free menstrual products (pads) from your school?	YesNo
School1	Does your school have menstrual materials available for emergencies (for example if you started your period unexpectedly)?	Yes (free)Yes (for purchase)NoI don't know
	Do not read response options	
School2	At your school, do you receive permission from teachers to go to the toilet when you ask?	Don't need to askYes, alwaysYes, sometimesNo, rarely or never
	TAFF/OBSERVATION:	
Sch_S2	Are there separate toilets/latrines for boys and girls?	• Yes • No
	Enumerator to answer	
San_access	Is the toilet/latrine available to students	• Yes
Sch_S3	(doors are unlocked, or a key is available) at all times? Respondent to answer	• No
Sch_S7	At the time of observation, is the toilet/latrine clean? That is, there are no visible faeces or	Yes, all stallsYes, at least one functional stallNo
	urine on the floor and the enumerator perceives the area to be acceptably clean.	140
	Enumerator to answer	
Sch_S9	Who is responsible for cleaning the toilet/latrine? Respondent to answer	 There is a cleaner Students are rostered to clean the sanitation facility No cleaning
		protocol • Other cleaning
Sch_S9_other	Please specify the other type of cleaning	• [Text]
L		i.

Sch_M1	At the time of observation, are there menstrual products available at the school that a girl can use if her period starts unexpectedly? Respondent to answer	NoYes (free)Yes (for purchase)
Sch_M2	At the time of observation, does the school have free menstrual products that are provided to girls regularly (ie. not in an 'emergency' situation)?	Yes No
Sch_M3	Approximately how many pads does the school distribute per month?	• [number]
Sch_M4	Does the school have any pain medication that girls can request? Respondent to answer	YesNo

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